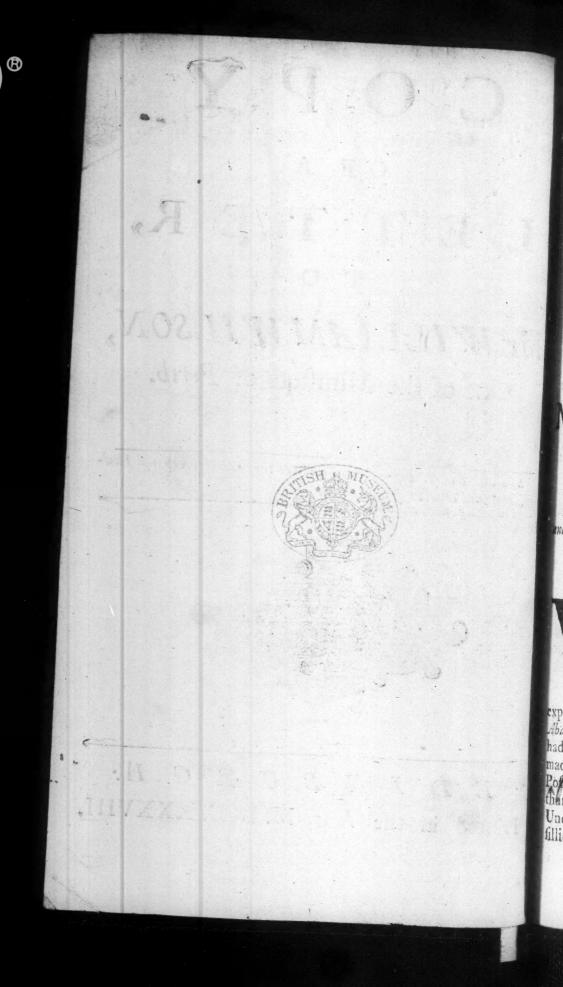
# COPY OF A LETTER,

Ir. WILLIAM WILSON,
One of the Ministers of Perth.

2 Tim. iii. 6. For of this Sort are they which creep into Hou-



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# COPY

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# LETTER,

TO

# Mr. William Wilson, one of the Ministers of Perth.

2 Tim. iii. 6. For of this Sort are they which creep into Houses, and lead captive silly Women.

SIR.

W

E hear you begin to class yourself with that Sort of Men we have just now quoted, being sensible, it seems, that this is the properest Sphere for Men of your Grimace and Pretensions to roll in; for, being sensible of what Offcome you could

expect from our Men (except such as you cannot but own Abaddon the King of the Locusts, and God of this World, had made ready to your Hand; so that if these who have made their Account best in this World, by betraying their Possession, have proven more tractable Followers to you than others who have not so much by it, the Reason is plain.) Understanding, we say, how little you could make of the silliest of our Men, while they stand true to their Conscience,

it appears you have been creeping into a House, to see what at Silliness you could find in one of our Women, a Serving Maid.

To her you did put on your big Airs, after you had fir come upon her (according to your late Stile) as an Intro der, for the endeavoured to thift you, and defired your come again another Time, because none of the Family wa then present in the House but herself. And, as the first To ken of her Subjection to your Ambassadorship, you ask'd he unlike the Wall with the Bye, you knew full well, as shall appear afterwards) however, it seems she was not so silly, he can she understood the Import of the Question, and answered or She was not subject to your Ministry.

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You endeavoured next to confute her upon the Different betwixt you and us, by fubtile Queries; and every Bot must own it was not very fair to give a Serving-Maid, (who we think, did enough, if the withstood your Grimace, the the were not capable to dispute with you ) to give her, w fay, the heaviest End of the Argument, that is, to prov A the Affirmative always. However, we suppose you was convinced, ere you left her, that she was not so ill acquainte with the Embassy delivered her from the Apostles, as to gull'd with any new one from you.

WE cannot omit taking Notice of one Thing you faid Return to some of her Answers. You told her, Thats for her Folk, they were hugg'd in the World's Bosom, that there was not a Tongue in Perth, but spoke Evil a you and your People. And, as you think, no Doubt, the our Tongues have contributed something this Way amon the rest, if you please, allow them to speak two or that Words more to you, to answer for themselves. Meanwhile we let you understand, that we have no Hope of any Retur from you; for which both you and we know a very goo

1.FIRST then, as for her Folks being hug'd in the World Bosom, we hope no Body needs to be at any Loss to under fland this, that only remembers the friendly Salutation the met with, and the warm Address that was made to the Mag Arato

e what ates in their Favours, at their first coming to Town, by erving then Leader of the Populace in this Part of the World; If if it be, in any Degree, otherwise with him now, we

pe he is very sensible that it is to his great Grief.

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Inth AND does it really fret you, Sir, to see them yet breathyour of the same Air with the rest of the World: For, what
ly we can be meant by the Application of such a Phrase to
the To the People in their present Circumstances? For we put
all as a Profession, by the Support either of their Power or
y, he cir Money? Or, if we, and our Profession, have any
were one from the World, than the Desence of our Lives,
om the Violence your Principles, and the Professors of
em, threaten against us? And, if one would but restect green, threaten against us? And, if one would but restect your first Aim, and consider what you now say of them, ould he not imagine he saw your Teeth watering, for Anthony that you got not your Malice wreckt upon them at the

AND beware, Sir, of making the World's Bosom a Term Reproach, which you Clergy-men have been hugg'd more than these 1400 Years past, and a very restless Pet, told a costly, have been to them. Ye need not speak so slightly of the Breaks ye have suck'd so long, and which you Il continue to receive Nourishment from. Nor needs it prise you, that the World, and its Rulers, should be clined a little to wean the Child that is ready to grow too d and unmanageable upon their Hands, and often ready to te the Breasts that have been so long drained in suckling 'Tis this, we reckon, that makes you so fretful now a-

ays; so that if one would but take a View of your Comection, he would certainly conclude, ye had taken someing like the Weaning-brash. Or, to what Purpose do hear so many Murmurings against King and Parliament, d Fast-days appointed by you, for the cold Reception your uthority meets with from the World now? Or, from hence proceed the many Prayers we hear for the Revival the ancient Days of the Covenants, but from a Sense w delicious and happy a Time it was then for the Clergy? nd what better Name can we give the Zeal of fuch as urself, to restore the Covenants, than a Design to infest

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yourselves into the Bosom of the World to all Generations? So we expect to hear you talk more respectfully of the World's Bosom, while you seem to covet nothing more, and to regrete nothing more than the Want of it.

2. Next, you say, There is not a Tongue in Perth but speaks evil of you and your People. We read of two Things in the New Testament, 1 Pet. iv. 14, 15. for which Men suffer Reproach, viz. For the Name of C H R I S T, or for Evil-doing. And the Apostle says, Let none of you suffer as a Murderer, or as a Thief, or as an Evil-doer, or as a Busy, body in other Mens Matters. [ Αλλοτριοεπισκοπος ] Now, Sir, by this last Term of Reproach, we are ted to think the Apostle had a particular Eye to Christian-Leaders suffering Reproach under the foresaid Characters: And tho' we cannot account for what Reason every Tongue in Perth speaks Evil of you, yet we can assure you, you have not suffered by our Tongues, but under these Characters whereby the Apostle discharges a Christian-Leader to suffer.

WE shall trace them first in the Roman Clergy, your Predecessors, who convey the Succession of your Ambassadorship to you.

- 1. First then, are not the Roman Clergy justly accused as Murderers, for their burning all who cannot swallow down the Creeds of their Church for Hereticks? And tell us what's the great Difference betwixt the Roman Clergy's Principles of Burning, and yours of Extirpating?
- 2. AGAIN, are not the Roman Clergy justly accused as Thieves, for defrauding Men of their Consciences and Money both, in order to raise their own Dignity and Wealth? Were they not thus the worst of Robbers, who obliged Men to surrender their Consciences or their Lives? Did they not impose Creeds, Catechisms and Consessions, without Number, upon Men? And, no Doubt, if a Man had offered to buy or fell, without taking their Mark, or keep a Shop open on one of their Fast-days, they would have resented it as highly as yourself. And, are they not justly accused for the innumerable Ways they have taken to drain

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Men of their Money, such as large Sums to pray their Souls out of Purgatory, and a Thousand other Ways, whereby they have impoverish'd the Nations, and enriched themfelves? And do you reap no Benefit by the Remains of these Funds and Donotions, especially such as yourself, who will not allow us to say, you hold your Benefices off the present Government? And is not that Lucre which the Apostle Peter detests as silthy, a sufficient Motive still, without any other, for a Man to spend his Patrimony in serving his Apprenticeship to your Trade?

AND, Sir, does it not grieve you to the Heart, to see that People, whom your solemn League ranks on the Front of the Hereticks, to be extirpate, recovering the Liberty of their Consciences off your Hands? And, when you see them cleaving to their Bible in Contempt of your Authority, and someway tollerate in all this by the Civil Powers; does not this, Sir, make you look something like a Thief that's obliged to make Restitution?

And, is it not very mortifying for you, to hear them reckon a Preaching of the Apostle Paul or Peter, better worth the
reading and hearing, for as little Hire they got, than your
well hired Preachings, notwithstanding the [Especially] you
have affixed to them? This puts us in mind of what we
have heard said of the common Sign-Painters in Holland,
that are not very dextrous at their Trade, That when they
paint a Horse or a Bull, or any other Creature, they write
underneath, This is a Horse, or this is a Bull; because People
would never be able to distinguish them by their Shapes. So,
we believe, it would never have entred into any Body's Head,
that your Preachings any Way excell'd those of the Apostee, if you had not been so discreet, as to tell us as much
yourselves.

3. Are not the Roman Clergy just accused as Evil-doers, according to the Sense of Evil-doing? Rom xiii. Chap. Have they not embroil'd the Nations in perpetual War and Bloodshed, from the Days of Constantine? And how much better have the Scotish Covenanters done? Have they not been of the same Kidney with the English and Roman Clergy, always oppselsing the Underwolf when in Power, and when

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when out of Power, always plotting and intrigueing with the Deceit and Cunning they were Master of, and makin Seditions and Confusions in the State, in order to overthrough the Party in Power? So that we're apt to think, if on would but look through our Church-Histories, from the Yea 312, he would find it little other than a continued Serie of the Clergy's striving for Dignity, Power and Wealth especially such as yourself; by which Strife they have per petually distressed the Civil Government: Thus ye have been a Pest to Society, in every Nation where ye have swarm ed. In short, we can define you by nothing more sitly than by the Apostle John's Description of the crowned Locusts, Rev. ix. 3, 12. The Passage is well worth your reading.

AND do not imagine, Sir, that you are fuffering from a the same Reproach with the Apostles, of turning the World upfide down. They went every where preaching Peac by JESUS CHRIST, calling Men to be denied to the Low of the Pleasures, Wealth and Honours of this presen World. They did not go about speaking Evil of Dignition for not making the Religion of JESUS the Religion of the Nations, and themselves the Leaders of the blinded Mot Far from it; they charged every Soul to be subject to the Powers being, by whom they were, from Time to Time thript and beaten. Was it not then, Sir, the Opposition that their Doctrines of Peace and Good-will, patient bear ing of Injuries, and Mortification to this World, foundi the Hearts of the Men of the national Churches, wh could never favour such Doctrines, that turned the Worl upfide down about them, wherever they went. We're fur you need be in no Strait to discern, whether the Uproara Ephesus was owing to the Apostle Paul or to your Brethre the Craftsmen, whose worldly Interest la yas much in makin Shrines for their Idol, and in raising the Cry, Great is D ana of the Epiefians, as yours does in raising the Cry of the broken Covenant of Scotland, and in studying to heal an fer up this your Idol; which, like the Ph liftines Dagon, h got a Fall, whereby both its Hands are broke off, so that can do no more now, but hold out its bare Stumps, showing us what it would do if it could. 4. TH

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4. THE last Character which hits the Case of the Serving-Maid, is [ Annotpiostionomos ] an Overseer of Strangers. We hope we need not go so far off as the Roman Clergy, to fetch Home this Character upon you. We suppose you reckon yourself an Overseer to all within the Bounds of the Parish of Perth, or every Soul in that Part of the World; and, so far as any Soul in these Bounds will not admit you to officiate in that Character, no Doubt, you reckon it a Grievance you must bear. When the Sectarians ( so called to their Honour ) first came to this Town, you told their Overfeers, That they were intruding upon your Charge, tho' you never found them so officious, nor so brasen fac'd, as to intrude themselves as Overseers, far less as Ambasiadors, upon any, but fuch as elected them of free Choice, and continued cheerfully to cleave to them. Whereas you have been bodding your Overfight upon People that car'd not for it, and rejected it; and, no Doubt, would fain have crept into some Houses, where you've got the Door in your Teeth: So that you give us to understand, that you would fain creep farther into the World's Bosom than they are willing to let you, notwithstanding that you reproach us with being hugg'd in it; from which, however, we learn this, That, notwithstanding your Zeal for a worldly Kingdom to the Messiah, your Conscience tells you, that Christianity is likest itself, when most evil spoken of, and under the Cross; and that it is a great Reproach for Christians to covet the Friendship of this World, or to be hugg'd in its Bosom. We wish, from our Hearts, you would allow yourself to think upon this, and we think it our Duty to pray, That GOD would open your Eyes upon this Subject, and that you would hearken to that Doctrine, which we find your Conscience is not ignorant of.

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But, to return to what we were upon; if there are in the World that speak evil of you, upon any of the above-mentioned Characters, and find not the same about us, pray, Sir, whose Fault is that? And we may be bold to say, That all the above-mentioned Characters cannot be applied to us in the same Shape that they touch you, were it for no other Reason, but that we have not the Opportunity; neither is it in our Power to be guilty of them all, at least, while we hold by our Principles.

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We hope you will not fay, the Apostles were hugg'd in the World's Bosom, and yet we find the Council of the Jewish Priests and Rulers, who were not their greatest Friends, agreed to what Gamaliel said, who gave a more savourable Account of them than of Theudas, who, before these Days, rose up, boasting himself to be some Body, to whom a Number of Men, about Four hundred, joined themselves, who was slain, and all, as many as obeyed him, were scattered and brought to nought; and of Judas, who rose up in the Days of the Taxing, and drew away much People after him, who also perished, and all, even as many as obeyed him, were dispersed.

Now, Sir, we would think, in our humble Opinion, that you, who are at so much Pains to find something in the New Testament, that may apply to your Covenants, might find something liker your Purpose, in the two Cases we have just now cited, than in the Story of the poor People of Macedenia making themselves poorer to relieve their poor Brethren. But we need not speak of your Argument from this Story, because we suppose what we said in our yet unanswered Petition to your Presbytery, has already silenc'd you upon it, and made you ashamed of it.

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THESE Mobs, or Meetings, if you please of Theudas and Judas, can scarce be supposed to have been gather'd and kept together, confider the common Hazard they underwent, without some League or Covenant binding them to mutual Fidelity. And no Doubt, they were as clear for extirpating as yourself; which, to be sure, would be one principal Article of their Covenant, as well as it is of yours, and probably they were for fome national Reformation in their own Way too; so, if you please, we may call their Covenant a national one; at least, they were resolved to make it fo. And when Men were combin'd to venture their Lives together, without Doubt, the League they woulderter into would be very folemn; fo we may call it a Solem League. And if you, Sir, put on the Airs of an Ambassador, when ever you creep into a House, we suppose Theudis was not far behind with you; for, 'cis faid, That he boalted himself to be some Eody too And it you boast of the M# tyrs to your Covenant, confider that Thendas and Judas, and

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no Doubt, a good Number of their Followers too, sealed their Covenant with their Blood also; and tho' we cannot well tell what was the Cause they died for, yet, we are fure it was a very bad one, if it was not as good as the Quarrel about what Set of Clergy should rule the World, which the Solemn League delides in Favours of fuch as yourfelf; and this, we own to you, is all we can see in it. And if, thro' the Endeavours of the Clergy to fix a Connection betwixt this Quarrel and the Faith of JESUS, some well-meaning People have been engaged to fuffer in it, the Clergy have, undoubtedly, the more to answer for, in that they have done what in them lay, to cause them perish for whom CHRIST died. And we reckon it will be hard for you to prove, that well-meaning People might not as innocently be engaged in the Combinations of Theudas and Judas, as in your Covenants.

AND further, Sir, if you'll have Patience to hear it, the Combinations of Theudas and Judas came to nought, and so did your Solemn League; and that People whom it points out in the first Place to be extirpate, survive, by the good Providence of Babylon's Destroyer, to rejoice over it, and the Sticklers thereto. And though they have as little outward Might or Power to carry on their Cause as the first Christians had, yet, if it be of GOD, it shall not come to nought. And whoever prophefy otherways, we think, at least, they may hold their Peace who have the Misfortune to fing the Elegy of that glorious State of Things that was brought about by Might and Power, and every Thing that this Earth can afford to make a Cause stand. We have a Counter-Prophefy ready for you, which we may apply to ou with the more Freedom that we have seen it once fulilled already. Isaiah viii. 9, 10. Affociate yourselves, O ye People, and ye Shall be broken in Pieces; --- take Counsel together, dennd it shall come to nought; speak the Word, and it shall not land.

Is one should ask us, Sir, as the chief Captain in 7eusalem did Paul, whether or not you were that Egyptian, who, before these Days, made an Uproar, and led out into he Wilderness Four thousand Men that were Murderers,

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pray what should we answer him? Should we not say, Nay, but he is a Scotsman, bound in a League with his Accomplices, and as many Thousands as shall join him, to set his Party uppermost to rule the World? But far from being Murderers, they design no more, but to extirpate every Soul that will not be Orthodox, that is, of their Religion.

AND further, Sir, if your Cause were of GOD, should you not exert yourselves according to the Spirit of your earthly Covenant? Should you not instruct your Followers about that Faith whereby they might subdue Kingdoms, whereby they might wax valient in Fight, and turn to slight the Armies of the Aliens, and that the LORD saves by sew as well as by many? And is it not a great Shame for your Men to stand still, and see your Women take upon them the chief Part of the Action in all your seditious and mobbish Appearances, which you vainly imagine to be warranted by Israel's Wars with the Heathen, which were of GOD's own Institution? But, we are sure, it was not so in ancient Israel, when they were called to sight for the Desence of their earthly Kingdom, which is now done away, and the heavenly Kingdom typisied by it, come in its Place, where carnal Weapons are of no Use.

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WE have only one Thing to take Notice of, and then have done. It feems, when you grew scarce of Queries, you asked her, Baby (for Barbara is her Name, which, as we hinted before, you knew well enough ) what Evidence have you that you are a gracious Person? Now, Sir, what Sort of a Question was this, or what Answer did it deserve? We hope she was not pauming herself upon you for such a Person, and only telling you, she thought herself bound to look on her Brethren as fuch; whereupon you feemed pretty confident, they were not all fuch Persons: And, as this is a Charge too icvere to be refused in absolute Terms, we'll reckon it no fmall Favour done us, to point out to us (afide from our Principles, call'd by you delnfive, wherein we glory ) any Thing in our Lives, that you find inconfiftent with the Character of Christians; because this is a Charge, that, very possibly, may be true, and whereupon every one of us find



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daily Cause to try and judge ourselves, therefore ye do us a great Injury in hiding any Thing of this Kind from us: and, you see, we are not wanting to you on this Head.

But, we are fure, you was hard put to it to puzzle the Serving-maid, when you demanded of her to prove that he was a gracious Person. Pray, Sir, what should we hink of your Way of doing, who creep into Houses, pauming your Ambassadorship upon People? And when we call in Question, or ask your Credentials, you give us the Negative to prove, bidding us give Reasons to shew that you re not an Ambassador.

What a pretty Figure would you make at our Court, if ou should go there, and tell them, you are an Ambassador from France or Spain, and when they ask your Credentials, ou should storm at them, and demand of them to prove hat you were not an Ambassador; do you think they would ake Patience to prove such a Negative? Yea, would they so take it for granted, by such an Answer, that you were a Ambassador. If you be out of Humour with any Thing we have said, here is inclosed a Song to divert you. We are,

SIR.

Your humble Servants,
GEORGE, MILLER.
ROB. SANDEMAN.

Perth, Decer. 24.

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## SONG.

I.

YE Rescu'd from Babel, sing Babel's Distress,
And the Pow'r of the Arm that sav'd you confess;
The Cup that she fill'd you, fill double again,
And, with double Vengeance, redouble her Pain:
Her Wealth, Power, her Beauty, wherein she put Trust,
Shall shortly be buried in Ashes and Dust.
Ye Subjects of Heav'n, when Babel doth mourn;
Ye Prophets, Apostles, triumph in your Turn.

#### II.

HER covetous Merchants the Scriptures did hoard, By Weight and by Measure they sold out the Word; Your Woes, in sull Measure, ye Prophets repay, Her Merchants, when now doth their Market decay. Ye holy Apostles, your Threatnings sulfil, Cast off such proud Masters, and rule them at Will. Ye Merchants of Babel, lament in your Turn; Ye Subjects of Heaven, rejoice as they mourn.

#### III.

THESE spiritual Merchants have proudly o'erthrown The Honour of Jesus, to set up their own; Of the Cup they have silled, let them doubly drink; In the Pit they have digg'd, let them stumble and sink: Contempt and Disgrace on their Honour shall prey, Consuson and Shame shall pursue them for aye. Ye Subjects of Jesus, triumph in your Turn; Ye great Ones of Babel, 'tis yours now to mourn.

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#### IV.

FROM JESUS her Husband, she stray'd like a Whore, To commit Fornication with each earthly Pow'r; Of the Wine of the Wrath of her curst Fornications, Let her drink to the Full, to all Generations: In the Day of her Plagues, when her Lovers decay, Shall forsaken Jesus forsake her for aye. Ye Prophets, Apostles, who told of this Thing, Ye Virgins of Jesus, her Widowhood sing.

#### V.

To the Kings of the Earth she had Bastards in store,
Who were not begotten by Jesus Christ's Pow'r.
Of the Wine of the Wrath of her base Fornication,
Let her drink without ceasing, Shame of the Creation!
In her Widowhood Day shall her Children be ta'en,
Mer spurious Issue with Death shall be slain.
Ye Prophets, Apostles, ye Heavens be glad,
And, with Loss of Children, let Babel be sad.

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#### VI.

WITH the Help of her Kings she destroyed the Just; With Prophets and Saints Blood she stained the Dust. The Cup she hath fill'd, fill her double again, And with double Fury redouble her Pain. These Kings shall distress her, and lessen her Hire, Thus burning her Flesh, she shall fry as with Fire. Ye Merchants of Babel, lament and be sad; Ye Prophets, Apostles, ye Heavens be glad.

#### VII.

NEXT, she stirs up her Children, the Mobs of each Nation,
Who are drunk with the Wine of her leud Fornication,
l'o distress, to revile and abuse every Soul,
Whom all her Grimace and big Words cannot rule:
Both she and her Children, her Lovers also,
Shall be drown'd in the Lake of perpetual Woe.
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Ye Prophets, Apostles, ye Heavens rejoice, Sing loud Hallelujahs at their Torment's Noise,

#### VIII.

MIDST Anguish and Torment, their Shrieks reach Skies,

At each Hallelujah their Smoke doth arise.
Ye Thousands, an hundred and forty and four,
Give Glory and Wisdom, Dominion and Power
To GOD, who redeem'd you from each Tongue and

Whom, when he hath brought back from great Tribular He'll make like to Jesus, in Glory and Bless, With him unsucceeded, all Things to possess.

### FINIS.

